



**SUPPLY NETWORK ANALYZER**

**CVM<sub>k</sub>-BD-...-H SERIES**

**INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

**( M 981 364 / 00B - Manual 1 / 2 )**

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## **CVM-BD-...-H SUPPLY NETWORK ANALYZER - MANUAL 1 / 2**

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## 1.- BASIC INSTRUCTIONS

### 1.1.- Delivery spot check

This manual is issued to help all the CVM-BD users to install and use it in order to get the best from it. After receiving the unit please check the following points:

- (a) Does this device corresponds to your order specifications?
- (b) Check if any damage was done during the shipment process.
- (c) Verify that it includes \*One instruction manual .

### 1.2.- Connection procedures

Before connecting the instrument to the mains verify the following:

#### (a) Power supply :

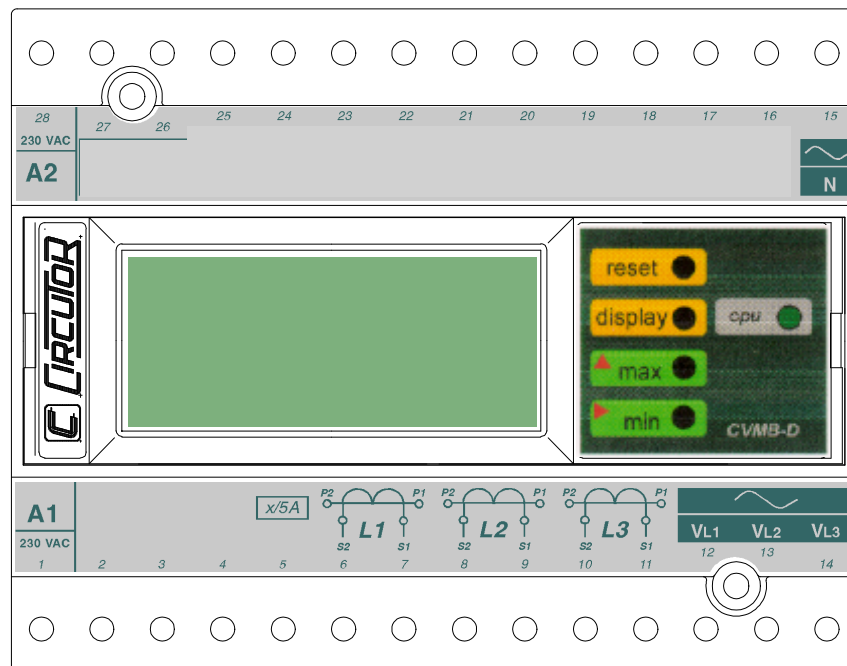
- 230 V a.c.** Power supply Va.c. ( Single phase )
  - Frequency: 50 ... 60 Hz

#### (b) Maximum measuring voltage:

- Standard : 500 V a.c. phase-neutral / 866 V a.c. between phases
- A special model for 110 V measuring is available:*
  - 100 V a.c. phase-neutral / 173 V a.c. between phases*

#### (c) Maximum measuring current: Transformer of In / 5 A a.c.

## 2.- MAIN CHARACTERISTICS



The CVM-BD power meter is a programmable measuring instrument, offering several operation possibilities selectable in its SETUP option. Before power supplying the instrument, read the **CONNECTIONS** and **SETUP** sections and choose the most suitable operation mode for getting your desired data.

The CVM-BD is an instrument which measures, calculates and displays all the main electrical parameters at any electrical network (balanced or not). The measuring is true RMS value, through three a.c. Voltage inputs and three a.c. Current inputs (from Current Transformers .../ 5A).

By means of an internal microprocessor it simultaneously measures:

<i>parameter</i>	<i>L1</i>	<i>L2</i>	<i>L3</i>	<i>Average</i>	<i>Addition</i>
Voltage (phase-neutral)	x	x	x	x	
Voltage (phase-phase)	x	x	x	x	
Current	x	x	x	x	
Active power	x	x	x		x
Reactive power L	x	x	x		x
Reactive power C	x	x	x		x
Power factor	x	x	x	x	
Apparent power					x
Frequency	x				

and connecting the Energy + Clock module, besides:

<b><i>Parameter</i></b>	<b><i>CVM-BD</i></b>
Date/Time dd/mm/yy hh:mm:ss	TIME
Active energy ( two indep. meters: demanded energy (+) and generated energy (--))	kWh (+) and (--)
Reactive energy (inductive), two indep. meters	kvarh.L (+) and (--)
Reactive energy (capacitive), two indep. meters	kvarh.C (+) and (--)

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>L1</i>	<i>L2</i>	<i>L3</i>
Voltage THD	x	x	x
Current THD	x	x	x

-----

The CVM-BD allows reading up to 54 electrical parameters in 18 screens shown in a three line numerical display , where you can see:

- (a) Phase-phase or phase-neutral voltage of the three phases
  - (b) 51 user-selectable parameters according to the model (see attached table)
- 



And also the **MAXIMUM POWER DEMAND**: The power demand is integrated during a prefixed period.

You can select:

- a) The parameter to be controlled (it can measure active power **kW**, apparent power **kVA** or three phase average current **AIII**).
- b) The demand period (1 to 60 min.).

This power demand function works with sliding window : shows the accumulated demand over the last period from "now".

#### - Other Characteristics

- DIN rail mounting device with low dimensions.
- True RMS value measurements.
- Measurements in all four quadrants (equivalent to CVMk-4C ).
- Power demand
- Memorizes Maximum and Minimum values.
- Autoscaling during data reading.
- Bubble keyboard, with 4 keys, for control and programming functions.
- RED type communication.
- The CVM-BD....H incorporates the calculation of the harmonic distorsión.

### 3.- INSTALLATION AND STARTUP



The manual you hold in your hands contains information and warnings that the user should respect in order to guarantee a proper operation of all the instrument functions and keep its safety conditions.

The instrument must not be powered and used until its definitive assembly on the cabinet's door.

**Whether the instrument is not used as manufacturer's specifications, the protection of the instrument can be damaged.**

When any protection failure is suspected to exist (for example, it presents external visible damages), the instrument must be immediately powered off. In this case contact a qualified service representative.

#### 3.1.- Installation

Before applying AC power to the, check following points :

##### a.- **Supply voltage :**

- Power supply Vac ( Single phase ) 50 ...60 Hz  
     **230 V a.c.**

- *Frequency* : 50 ... 60 Hz
- *Supply tolerance* : + 10 % / --15 %
- *Connection terminals* : Terminals 1 - 28
- *Instrument burden* : 6 VA

b.- Maximum voltage at the voltage measuring circuit:

**Standard : 500 V a.c. phase-neutral / 866 V c.a. between phases**


*A special model CVM-BD for 110 V measurement is also available:  
100 V a.c. phase-neutral / 173 V a.c. between phases*

c.- Maximum admissible current : Transformer of  $I_n / 5$  A a.c.

d.- Operation conditions :

- Operating temperature : 0 to 50° C
- Humidity : 25 to 80 % R.H. noncondensing

e.- Safety : Designed to meet protection class II as per EN 61010.

Mounting: 

Instrument is to be mounted on DIN rail mounting device with low dimensions.  
All connections keep inside the cabinet.

Note that with the instrument powered on, the terminals could be dangerous to touching and cover opening actions or elements removal may allow accessing dangerous parts. Therefore, the instrument must not be used until this is completely installed.

The instrument must be connected to a power supply circuit protected with gl type (IEC 269 ) or M type fuses rated between 0.5 and 2 A. This circuit should be provided with an automatic switch or any equivalent element to disconnect the instrument from the power supply network. The supply and measuring voltage circuits will be both connected through a wire with a minimum cross-section of 1 mm<sup>2</sup>. The line of the current transformer secondary will have a minimum cross-section of 2,5 mm<sup>2</sup>.



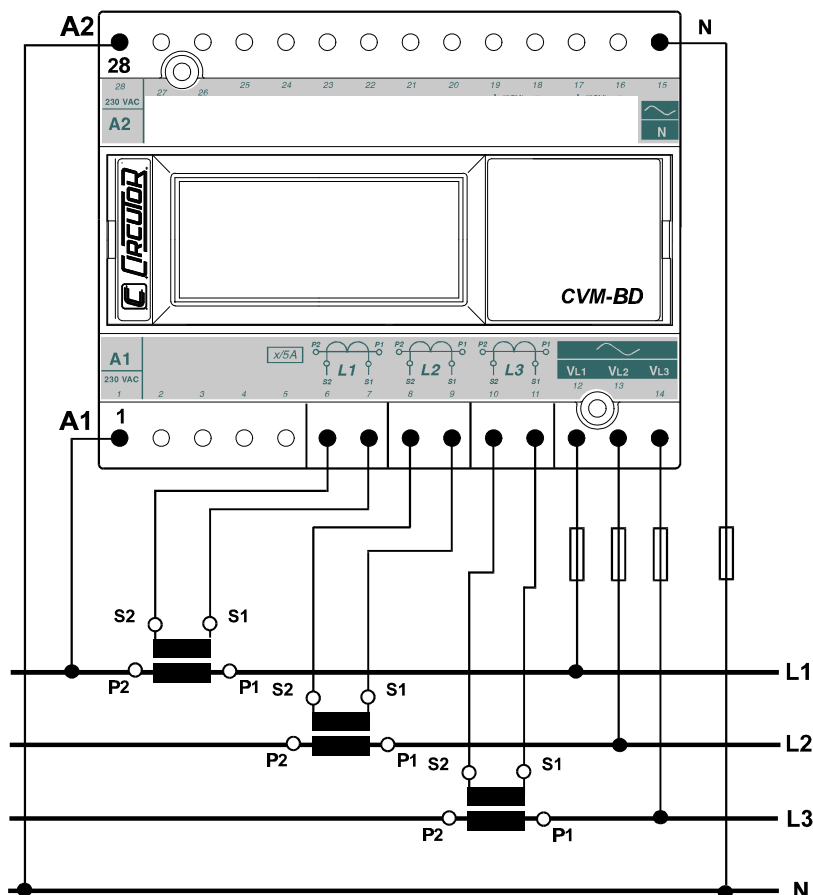
### 3.2.- CVM-BD Connection terminal

Terminal Nr	Designation	Concept
1 - 28	A1 - A2	supply voltage : 230 V a.c.
27 - 26	dep. model	Relay output N° 1 / 1 output of 4- 20 mA
25 - 24	dep. model	Relay output N° 2 / 2 output of 4- 20 mA
23 - 19	Termination resistor (RT)	240 $\Omega$ resistor: adaptation of the line final impedance ( bridge 23 -- 22 and 19 -- 20 )
22	+	COM1 CVM-B : RS-485 connection to the PC 22 + -----> 1 (+)
21	GND	21 GND -----> 5 converter
20	--	20 -- -----> 2 (-- RS-485/RS-232)
16	--	COM2 : connection RS-485 to PERIPHERALS 16 -- -----> (--)
17	GND	17 GND -----> GND "network"
18	+	18 + -----> (+)
15	N	NEUTRAL
14	VL3	Voltage phase 3
13	VL2	Voltage phase 2
12	VL1	Voltage phase 1
11 - 10	I L3: s1 - s2	Current phase L3 .../ 5 A
9 - 8	I L2: s1 - s2	Current phase L2 .../ 5 A
7 - 6	I L1: s1 - s2	Current phase L1 .../ 5 A

**NOTE:** Current inputs are isolated in the CVM-BD model

### 3.3.- Connection drawing for the CVM-BD

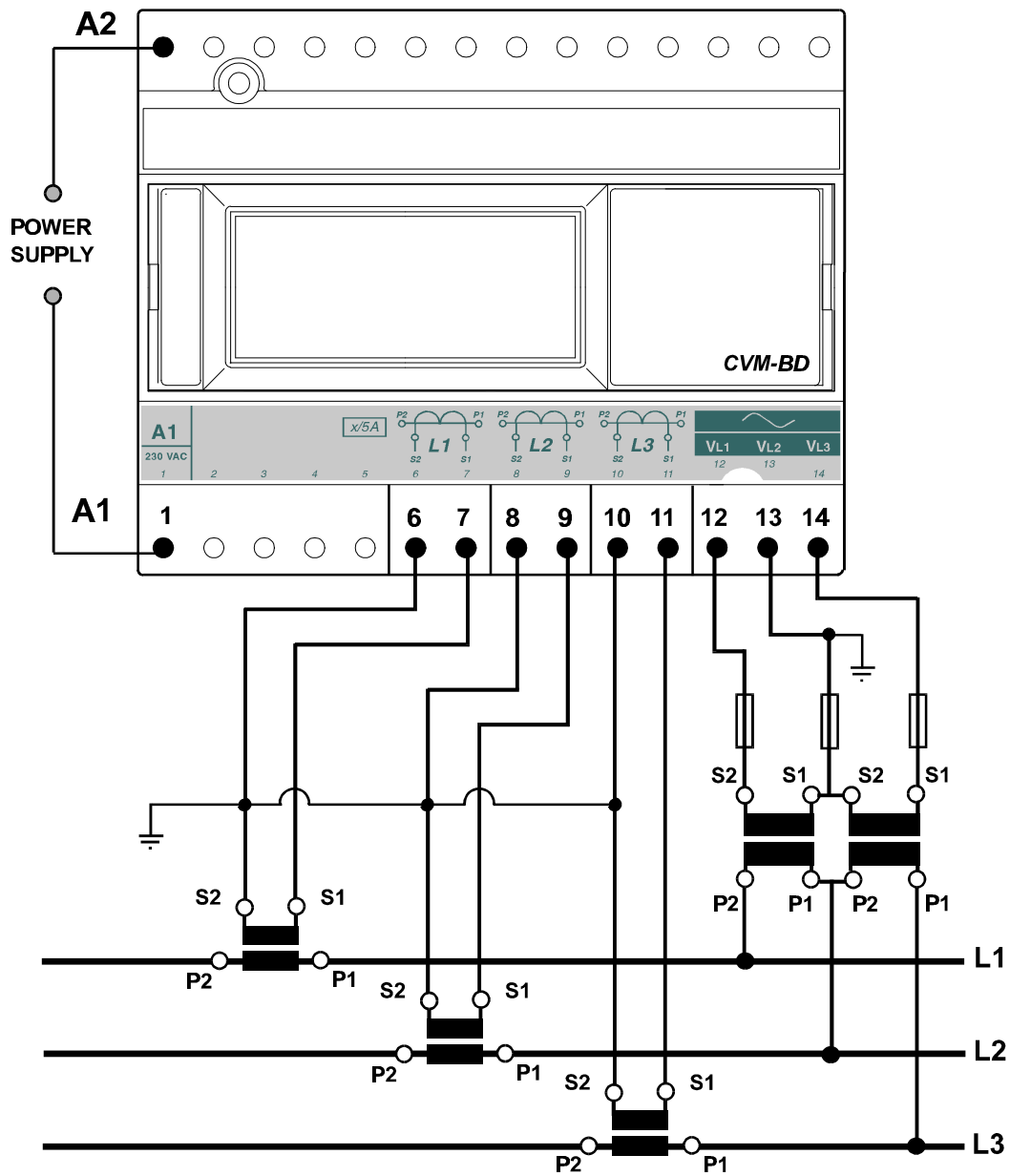
a.- Connection diagram of the CVM-BD for a low voltage, three phase network.



**IMPORTANT REMARK!** If power = 0 is shown for any of the phases (codes 03, 09 and 15) and voltage and current are not zero for this phase, check out following points:

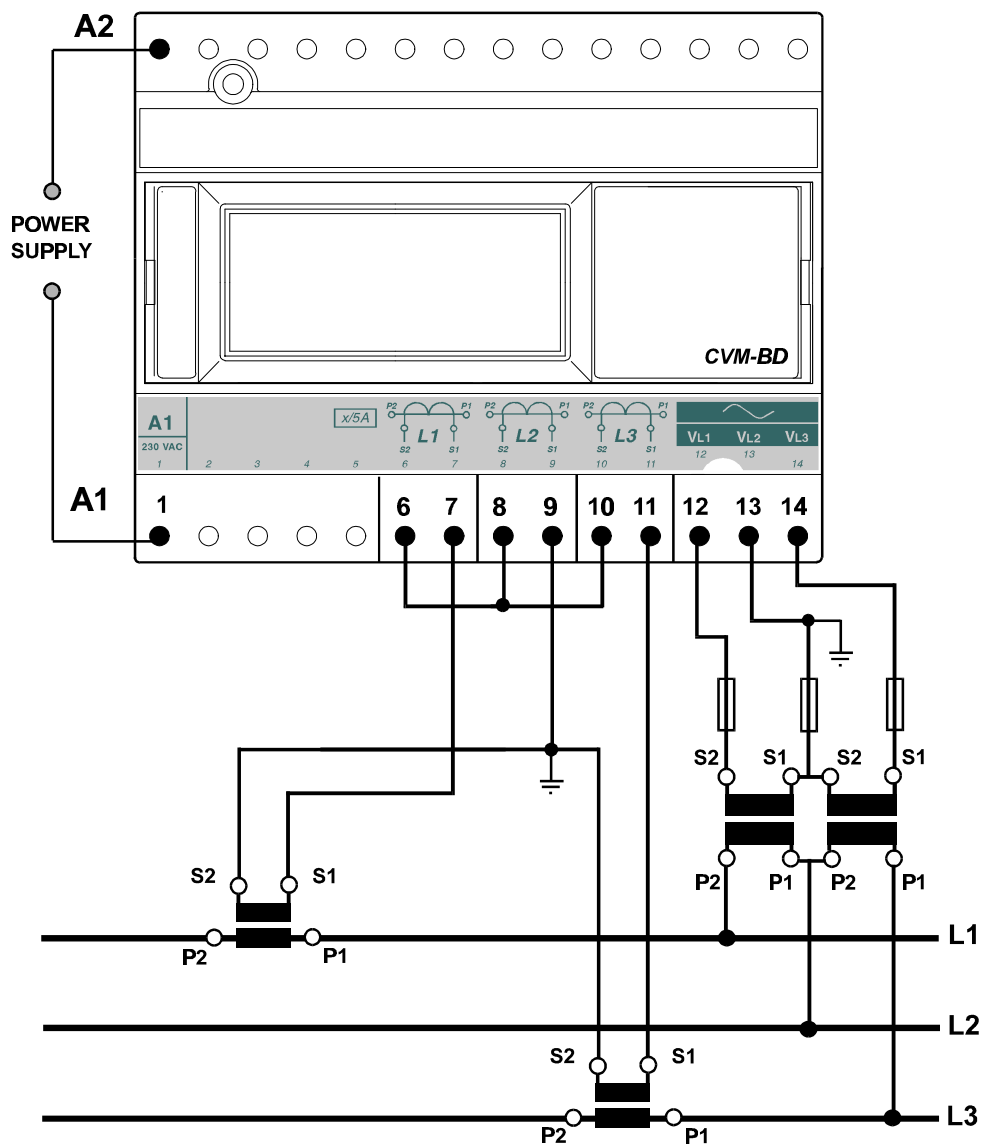
- Assure that L1, L2 and L3 phases coincide in voltage and current.
- Correct polarity? Reverse the current transformer placed at this phase.

b.- CVM-BD: 3 current transformers + two voltage transformer :

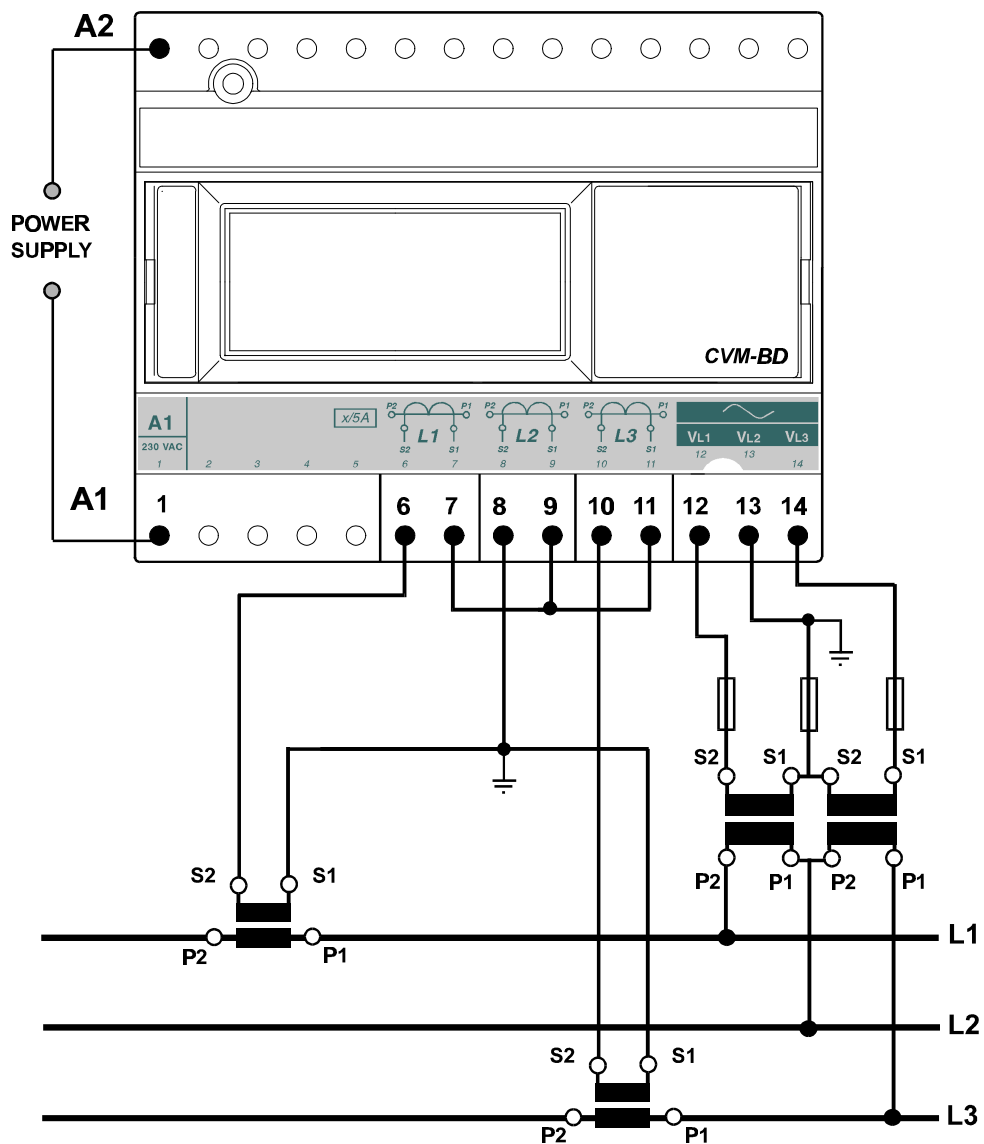


c.- **CVM-BD** : Two current transformers + 2 voltage transformers.

S2 of the current transformer grounded to earth



S1 of the current transformer grounded to earth



#### 4.- OPERATION MODE

The instrument has a display with three lines (10 characters every line).

When you switch on the power supply of the CVM-BD you will see on the display "Circ CVM-BD ..." (program version) and following you will read "CARD TYPE xxxx" (identification of the output options). After some seconds the instrument is ready to work, showing one of the possible screens.

The display indicates the parameter presently shown.

##### **display**

The first display shows the voltage of phase L1 (V1), the voltage of phase L2 (V2) and the voltage of phase L3 (V3).

220	V12
220	V23
220	V31

If you press the "**display**" key, we are now reading the CURRENT values for each phase (A1, A2, A3). However, this screen can be configured in order to display other different parameters.

When pressing again the "**display**" key, we will see on display the three previously programmed parameters (see point 5.5.- in the SET-UP section). If you press the "**display**" key again you repeat the above mentioned process ( you can see 1 to 18 displays for the CVM-BD depending of the previous set-up ).

### **max**

Pressing the "**max**" key, the maximum values for the parameters being shown appear in the displays.

xxxx	MAX
xxxx	MAX
xxxx	MAX

This function is only valid while you keep pressing the "**max**" key. If you stop pressing the key the instantaneous values appear again.

### **min**

Pressing the "**min**" key, the minimum values for the parameters being shown appear in the displays.

xxxx	MIN
xxxx	MIN
xxxx	MIN

This function is only valid while you keep pressing the "**min**" key. If you stop pressing the key the instantaneous values appear again.

### **Reset**

Pressing the "**reset**" key the system is reset. This is equivalent to switch off the power supply of the instrument. The stored maximum and minimum values will be automatically deleted from the internal memory.

If you are in the setup process and press the "**reset**" key, you exit it without saving any modification that you have done and making a reset of the system.

## 5.- SETUP

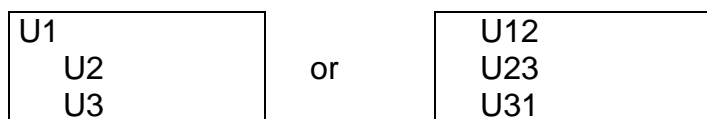
To access into the **setup menu** just follow these steps:

- (a) Connect (supply) the instrument.
- (b) Press the two green buttons (**max**, **min**) simultaneously.

You will see during a few seconds the word "**set**". It means that we are in the setup process. Then we go along the different options, step by step:

### 5.1.- Phase-Phase or Phase-Neutral voltages

After the word "**set**" you will see on the three displays the voltages of the phases L1, L2, L3.



Phase to Neutral Voltages: U1 , U2 , U3

Phase to Phase Voltages : U12 , U23 , U31

a.- To select one of the voltage options just press the green key "**max**" and both options will appear alternately.

b.- When you get in the display the wished option just press the "**display**" key to validate it and access to the next setup option.



## 5.2.- Voltage Transformer Primary

On the screen we read the word "SET U P" followed by 6 digits. They allow us setting the primary of the voltage transformer.

SET U
P - - -
- - -

Last digit of the first display indicates "U" (Voltage) and first digit of the second display indicates "P" (Primary). It means that we can set the primary of the voltage transformer. To avoid mistakes the Voltage red LEDs remain lit on.

a.- To write or modify the value just repeatedly press the "**max**" key and the blinking digit value will be increased.

b.- When the value on screen is the proper one, we can pass to the next digit by pressing the "**min**" key in order to modify the other values.

c.- When the blinking digit is the last one, pressing the "**min**" key we go back to the initial value: set values can be again modified.

d.- Press "**display**" to pass to the next setup option.

### 5.3.- Voltage Transformer Secondary

We can now set the value of the secondary of the voltage transformer. Only three digits are available:

```
SET U
S
---
```

Same process than in point 5.2.-:

- "**max**" key: Allows us modifying the value of the blinking digit. Each time it is pressed the value is increased.
- "**min**" key: Allows us the validation of the blinking digit and going to the next one.
- Press "**display**" to pass to the next setup option.

If the CVM-BD is directly connected to the mains (without voltage transformer) the values of primary and secondary must be the same, for instance 000001/001.

### 5.4.- Current Transformer Primary

"SET A P" and five digits appear on screen allowing us to set the primary of the current transformer. The current green LEDs light on to avoid mistakes.

```
SET A
P --
---
```


The procedure is the same one done at the previous sections with the "**max**", "**min**" and "**display**" keys.

#### NOTES:

- The maximum programmable value is 10.000
- The secondary of the current transformers is not programmable. It is automatically taken as 5 A (... / 5 A ac)

### 5.5.- Parameter SETUP

This option allows to program until 54 optional parameters that you can see on the display ; 17 possible programmable pages are available (3 parameters every page). The CVM-BD asks first if you want to programme the default parameters.

 "**max**" key : you can select YES or NO. The "**display**" key allows the validation of the selected option.

```
dEF
PAGE
YES
```

- **Select "YES"** to programme the default parameters. In this case , it pass to the next option (5.6.-First Page SET-UP )
- **If you select "NO"** , it allows programming the parameters that you want to see on the display. Every new page, it asks if you want to continue this set-up .

```
SET
PAGE
NUMBER
YES      xx
```

<--- page N°

- If you select "SET PAGE YES" , you can programme the desired parameters in this page :

xx	A1
xx	A2
xx	A3

*Parameter code ( set-up ) / Parameter symbol*

**SET-UP :**

- "**max**" key : Allows us modifying the value of the blinking digit. Each time it is pressed the value is increased.

- "**min**" key : Allows us the validation of the blinking digit and going to the next one.

Each display has two digits to select the desired parameters among the ones in the attached code chart.

Parameter	Symbol phase L1	Code	Symbol phase L2	Code	Symbol phase L3	Code
Single voltage	V 1	01	V 2	07	V 3	13
Current	A 1	02	A 2	08	A 3	14
Active power	kW 1	03	kW 2	09	kW 3	15
Inductive power	kvarL 1	04	kvarL 2	10	kvarL 3	16
Capacitiva power	kvarC 1	05	kvarC 2	11	kvarC 3	17
Power factor	PF 1	06	PF 2	12	PF 3	18

Three phase single voltage	Vav III	19	Frequency	Hz	25
Three phase current	Aav III	20	Three ph. apparent power	kVA III	26
Three phase active power	kW III	21	Ph-Ph voltage L1- L2	V 12	27
Three. ph. inductive power.	kvarL III	22	Ph-Ph voltage L2 - L3	V 23	28
Three ph. capacitive power	kvarC III	23	Ph-Ph voltage L3 - L1	V 31	29
Three ph. power factor.	PF III	24	Three ph. Ph-Ph voltage	Vc III	30

Date/ TIME dd/mm/yy hh:mm:ss	TIME	31
---------------------------------	------	----

		<b>tariff 1</b>	<b>tariff 2*</b>	<b>tariff 3*</b>
Active energy	kW.h	<b>32</b>	39	46
Reactive energy (inductive)	kvarh.L	<b>33</b>	40	47
Reactive energy (capacitive)	kvarh.C	<b>34</b>	41	48
<b>Demand power ( kW, kVA, AIII)</b>	<b>Pd</b>	<b>35</b>	42	49
Active energy generated	kW.h --	<b>36</b>	43	50
Reactive energy (inductive) gen.	kvarh.L --	<b>37</b>	44	51
Reactive energy (capacitive) gen.	kvarh.C --	<b>38</b>	45	52

(\* ) **Change of the billing periods** : The type of tariff can be selected by programming the CVM-BD through its serial port by means of a PC .

In case of a CVM-BD...-H, following parameters will be also available:

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b> phase L1	<b>Code</b>	<b>Symbol</b> phase L2	<b>Code</b>	<b>Symbol</b> phase L3	<b>Code</b>
Single voltage	THD V1	54	THD V2	55	THD V3	56
Current	THD A1	57	THD A2	58	THD A3	59

- For passing to the next page , press "**display**". In this case the CVM-BD ask again ( 17 PAGES maximum : since page 2 until page 18 ) :

SET PAGE NUMBER <b>YES</b> xx
--

- If you select "SET PAGE YES" , you can set-up a next page.

- If you don't want to set-up more pages, **select "SET PAGE No"**, and it pass to the next set-up option (5.6.-First Page SET-UP ). You can see the first page of voltages and all the programmed pages .

### 5.6.- First Page SET-UP

This option allows selecting among **fixed or rotary page**:

a.- **Fixed page** : the page is changed pressing the "**display**" key. The page among the available ones that we want to see when the CVM-BD is supplied (or a reset is made) can be selected.

b.- **Rotary pages** : the page changes to the next one automatically every 5 seconds. ( "*SET AUTO PAGE : Rotate page select*" option ).

Set-up :

- The "**max**" key allows modifying the selected page. The display shows the different possible pages.

SET	xx
AUTO	xx
PAGE	xx

<-- *set-up parameters*

- The "**display**" key allows the validation of the chosen option.

### 5.7.- Maximum power demand

Push the key "**display**" and the following screens will appear by display:

- 1.- DEMAND PERIOD ( **1 to 60 min.**) ("SET Per xx")
- 2.- PARAMETER TO CONTROL ("SET Pd xx")

Three phase active power	kW III	<b>21</b>
Three phase apparent power	kVA III	<b>26</b>
Three phase average current	AavIII	<b>20</b>

Value of power integrated during the programmed demand period.

- 3.- CLEAR MAXIMUM VALUE IN MEMORY  
("CLr Pd xx")      **no** or **YES**

#### PROGRAMMING MODE:

- "**max**" key: allows choosing the different available options.
- "**min**" key: allows the validation of the blinking digit and go forward to the next digit (only for the "SET Per xx" option).
- To pass to the next option press "**display**".

If you don't want to modify anything, just press the "**display**" key three times without modifying any value.

- **Display:** If you program the MAXIMUM POWER DEMAND option, **parameter 35**, the following appears by display (depending on the pressed key):

<b>display</b>	<i>Present value of the demand power meter (<b>Sliding Window</b>, according to the set demand period) updated every second.</i>
<b>max</b>	<i>MAXIMUM integrated value (since last reset)</i>
<b>min</b>	<i>HOUR : MINUTE DAY : MONTH ("HH.MM DD/MM") when this maximum has occurred</i>

### 5.8.- Date / Time SETUP

Pressing the "**display**" key we will see in the CVM-BD screen the following:

- 1.- DAY : MONTH ("SET day dd:mm")
- 2.- YEAR ("SET YEAR xxxx ") 4 digits
- 3.- HOURS : MINUTES ("SET HOUR hh:mm")

For their setup:

- "**max**" key: Allows modifying the value of the blinking digit.
- "**min**" key: Allows the validation of the blinking digits and go to the next one.
- To pass to the next option press "**display**".

If you don't want to modify the time, just press three times "**display**" without making any modification.

- **Display**: If you select the parameter 31, following appears by display:

<b>display</b>	HOUR .MINUTES
<b>max</b>	DAY. MONTH
<b>min</b>	MINUTES . SEC.



### 5.9.- Clearing energy counters

On display we see "CLR ENER no" (Clear energy counters).

- "**max**" : To select "YES" or "no"
- "**display**" : To validate the selected option. Once finishing this option, all the modifications that we have done are saved in memory and the setup process is finished.
- **Display** : If any of the energies is programmed (kWh, kvarhL or kvarhC), it is displayed as follows:

<b>[display]</b>	XXXX kW.h	<i>4 counter digits (more significant) / units</i>
<b>[max]</b>	XXX XXX. XXX	<i>complete counter</i>
<b>[min]</b>	XXXX (1)	<i>4 digits / <b>Tariff type ( 1, 2 or 3 )</b></i>

Example : If the accumulated energy is 32.534,810 kWh, it will be displayed as follows:

<b>[display]</b>	2534 kW.h
<b>[max]</b>	32534. 810
<b>[min]</b>	2534 ( 1 )

## 6.- SPECIFICATIONS

### Power supply : see specifications on the CVM-BD

- **CVM-BD...** : Single phase 230 V a.c.  
Voltage tolerance: +10 % / -15 %  
Frequency: 50 ... 60 Hz

---

Power consumption ..... 6 VA

Operation temperature ..... 0 to 50° C

---

### Measuring Circuits :

Rated voltage .... 500 V a.c. Phase - Neutral / 866 V a.c. between phases

Other voltages .....With Voltage Transformers

Rated current .....In / 5 A (**isolated input like CVMk- ITF model**)

Permanent overload .....1.2 In

Current input power .....0.3 VA

---

### Accuracy :

Voltage ..... 0.5 % of readout  $\pm$  2 digits

Current ..... 0.5 % of readout  $\pm$  2 digits

---

### Constructive characteristics

:

Box type : Self-extinguishing, plastic casing

Connection : Metallic terminals with "posidraft" screws

Fixing : Fitted onto symmetrical DIN 46277 (EN 50022) rail

Frontal cover : Lexan

Protection : Built-in relay : IP 41

Terminals : IP 20

Dimensions 140 x 70 x 110 mm ( 8 modules relay as per DIN 43 880)

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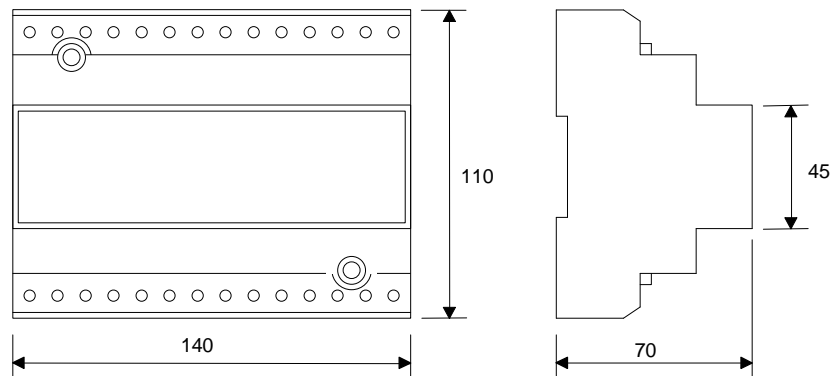
- Security ..... Category II , EN-61010

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**Standards :** IEC 664, VDE 0110, UL 94 , IEC 801 , IEC 348 , IEC 571-1  
EN 50081-1, EN-61010-1 , EN 50082-1

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Dimensions :



## 7.- SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS



All installation specification described at the previous chapters named INSTALLATION AND STARTUP, INSTALLATION MODES and SPECIFICATIONS.

Note that with the instrument powered on, the terminals could be dangerous to touching and cover opening actions or elements removal may allow accessing dangerous parts. This instrument is factory-shipped at proper operation condition.

## **8.- MAINTENANCE**

The CVM-BD does not require any special maintenance. No adjustment, maintenance or repairing action should be done over the instrument open and powered and, should those actions are essential, high-qualified operators must perform them.

Before any adjustment, replacement, maintenance or repairing operation is carried out, the instrument must be disconnected from any power supply source.

When any protection failure is suspected to exist, the instrument must be immediately put out of service. The instrument's design allow a quick replacement in case of any failure.

## **9.- TECHNICAL SERVICE**

For any inquiry about the instrument performance or whether any failure happens, contact to CIRCUTOR's technical service.

*CIRCUTOR S.A. - Aftersales Service  
c/ Lepanto, 49  
08223 - TERRASSA - SPAIN  
Tel - + 34 -93 - 745 29 00  
Fax - + 34 -93 - 745 29 14*

*e-mail: [central@circutor.es](mailto:central@circutor.es)*



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**INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

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**(c) CIRCUTOR S.A.**

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D.- APPENDIX: MODBUS © PROTOCOL.....	27

## 10.- TYPES OF CVM-BD

The standard CVM-BD are:

<b><i>CVM-BD-...-H</i></b>	<b><i>Type</i></b>	<b><i>Description</i></b>
7 70 275	<i>CVM-BD-H</i>	<i>4C ( display )</i>
7 70 276	<i>CVM-BD-RED-H</i>	<i>4C ( RED + display )</i>
7 70 279	<i>CVM-BD-RED-420-H</i>	<i>4C + RED + two 4 -20 mA output</i>
7 70 277	<i>CVM-BD-RED-C2-H</i>	<i>4C + RED + 2 relay outputs</i>
7 70 278	<i>CVM-BD-RED-C420-H</i>	<i>4C + RED + 1 output relay + one 4 -20 mA output</i>

The different CVM-BD-...-H provide more parameters to be displayed (additional SETUP).

### 10.1.- Additional screen with the Relay Output

➤ **CVM-BD- RED-C2** (2 relays )& **CVM-BD-RED-C420** ( 1 relay )

With this outputs the CVM-BD can be configured for:

A.- **Pulse every certain kW.h or kvar.h (ENERGY).** You can define the value corresponding to the energy consumed for generating a pulse (0.5 sec. long): kW.h / 1 pulse or kvar.h / 1 pulse

B.- **ALARM conditions:** the parameter to be controlled, the maximum value, the minimum value and the "delay" are programmed for each relay output.

-----  
On the CVM-BD screen following messages appear at this SET-UP point (provided the right module is connected to the equipment):

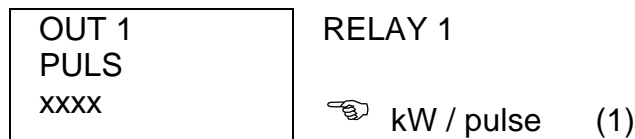
OUT 1 CODE 00	RELAY 1  ☞ Parameter Nr. (1)
---------------------	------------------------------------

☞ *Depending on the selected variable we will pass to a.- or b.- sections*

In case that no parameter is wanted to be programmed set *par. Nr. = 00.*



**a.- If an ENERGY parameter is chosen: 32, 33 or 34**



(1) Value of energy in kW : four digits with floating decimal point

- For programming:

- "**max**" key: it allows modifying the value of the blinking value.  
Every time it is pressed the number is increased.

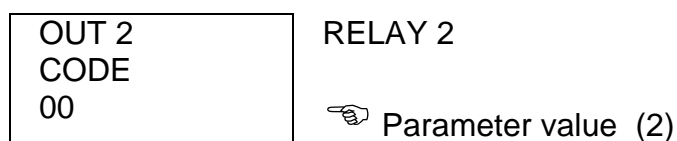
- "**min**" key: it allows validating the blinking value and go to the next digit.

**NOTE** : When you arrive at the last digit, you can move the position of the decimal point with the "**max**" key.

Example for programming a 500 W / 1 pulse:

Firstly we enter the value, 0500, and following we place the decimal point at the right position with the "**max**" key → 0.500 kW.

- For passing to the next option, press "**display**": setup options for the second relay will appear (only with the CVM-BD type **CVM-BD-RED-C2** ).



Act as before. Pressing again "**display**" key you exit setup mode.

b.- **ALARM conditions** (1 condition for each relay): If any other parameter (1-30, 54-59 or 35) is selected in (1), two outputs can be configured as alarms. For each output it is possible to program:

① Any of the parameters measured by the CVM-BD
② MAXIMUM value
③ MINIMUM value
④ Delay for the conditions

These screens are successively displayed by the CVM-BD once the parameter has been selected ( for the setup of each option proceed as in the Section a.-):

b.1.- Programming the maximum value to be controlled:

OUT 1 AL HI 0.000	RELAY 1  Maximum value
-------------------------	------------------------------

b.2.- Programming the minimum value to be controlled:

OUT 1 AL LO 0.000	RELAY 1  Minimum value
-------------------------	------------------------------

b.3.- Programación del "delay":

OUT 1 SEC 0.000	RELAY 1 Delay in seconds maximum 9999 sec.
-----------------------	--

- Press "**display**" to pass to the next option: the setup for the second relay appears (only with CVM-BD type **CVM-BD-RED-C2**).

OUT 2 CODE 00
---------------------

RELAY 2

☞ Parameter Nr. (1)

Proceed as before. Pressing again "**display**" we exit the setup option.

**ALARM ACTIVATION:** The alarms depend on the programmed values of MAXIMUM and MINIMUM.

<b>MIN +</b>	<b>MAX +</b> max > min	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: left;">ON</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">OFF</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: right;">ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-family: monospace;">3/4 3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4  </td> <td style="text-align: center;">=====1</td> <td style="font-family: monospace;">3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Min</td> <td>Max</td> </tr> </table>	ON	OFF	ON	3/4 3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4	=====1	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	0	Min	Max
ON	OFF	ON									
3/4 3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4	=====1	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4									
0	Min	Max									
<b>MIN +</b>	<b>MAX +</b> max < min	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: left;">OFF</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">ON</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: right;">OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-family: monospace;">=====1/2=====</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4  </td> <td style="text-align: right;">=====</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Max</td> <td>Min</td> </tr> </table>	OFF	ON	OFF	=====1/2=====	1 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====	0	Max	Min
OFF	ON	OFF									
=====1/2=====	1 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====									
0	Max	Min									
<b>MIN --</b>	<b>MAX +</b>	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: left;">ON</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">OFF</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: right;">ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-family: monospace;">3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4  </td> <td style="text-align: center;">=====1/2=====</td> <td style="font-family: monospace;">1 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Min</td> <td>0</td> <td>Max</td> </tr> </table>	ON	OFF	ON	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====1/2=====	1 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	Min	0	Max
ON	OFF	ON									
3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====1/2=====	1 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4									
Min	0	Max									
<b>MIN +</b>	<b>MAX --</b>	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: left;">OFF</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">ON</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: right;">OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-family: monospace;">=====1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4  </td> <td style="text-align: right;">=====</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Max</td> <td>0</td> <td>Min</td> </tr> </table>	OFF	ON	OFF	=====1	3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4	=====	Max	0	Min
OFF	ON	OFF									
=====1	3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4	=====									
Max	0	Min									
<b>MIN --</b>	<b>MAX --</b> max > min	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: left;">ON</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">OFF</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: right;">ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-family: monospace;">3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4  </td> <td style="text-align: center;">=====1</td> <td style="font-family: monospace;">3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Min</td> <td>Max</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	ON	OFF	ON	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====1	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4	Min	Max	0
ON	OFF	ON									
3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====1	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 1/2 3/4 3/4									
Min	Max	0									
<b>MIN --</b>	<b>MAX --</b> max < min	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: left;">OFF</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">ON</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: right;">OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="font-family: monospace;">=====1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4  </td> <td style="text-align: right;">=====1/2=====</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Max</td> <td>Min</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	OFF	ON	OFF	=====1	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====1/2=====	Max	Min	0
OFF	ON	OFF									
=====1	3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4	=====1/2=====									
Max	Min	0									

ON = alarm activated -----> relay closed

OFF = alarm deactivated -----> relay open

The **DELAY** set value is applied either to the connection or the disconnection when the alarm conditions occur.

The programming units for the different parameters are:

Parameter	Format	Example
Voltage	Without decimals = V (xxxx)	125.0 = 125 kV
	With decimals = kV (xxx.x)	0220 = 220 V 25.30 = 25.30 kV
Current	A	0150 = 150 A
Powers	kW, kvar, kVA	0.540 = 540 W 250.5 = 250.5 kW
Energies	kW.h, kvar.h	
Power factor	x.xx	- 0.7 = - 0.70
Frequency	xx.x	50.0 = 50 Hz

### Connections of the RELAY OUTPUTS :

a.- **CVM-BD-RED-C2** ( 2 relays ) :

Out1	Terminals	Signal
<b>RELAY1</b>	27 - 26	N.O.

Out2	Terminals	Signal
<b>RELAY2</b>	25- 24	N.O.

b.- **CVM-BD-RED-C420** ( 1relay ) :

Out2	Terminals	Signal
<b>RELAY1</b>	25 - 24	N.O.

- Maximum voltage between terminals = 250 V a.c.

### 10.2.- Additional screen with the 4 - 20 mA Outputs

➤ **4 - 20 mA outputs** : **CVM-BD-RED-420** ( 2 analog outputs) and **CVM-BD-RED-C420** (1 relay +1 analog output).

With this outputs we can configure the CVM-BD to give an output of **4 - 20 mA d.c.** or of **0 - 20 mA d.c. ( resolution of 4.000 points )** proportional to any of the parameters measured by the CVM-BD, **with the ability of setting the scale (offset and full scale).**

On the CVM-BD screen following messages appear at this SET-UP point (provided the right module is connected to the equipment):

#### a.- Parameter choosing:

dA 1 Code XX	OUTPUT D/A Nr.1  ☞ Parameter Nr.
--------------------	--

- "**max**" -- "**min**" keys: allow the selection of any parameter from 1-30 or 54-59
- "**display**" key: validates the selected option and passes to the next setup screen.

#### b.- Election of 0 - 20 mA or 4 - 20 mA :

DA 1 Scal 4 - 20	OUTPUT D/A Nr.1 Scale :  ☞ allows choosing a 0 - 20 mA or 4 - 20 output (" <b>max</b> " or " <b>min</b> " key)
------------------------	--

- "**display**": to validate the selected option and pass to the next setup screen.

**c.- Scale offset:**

Value of the parameter that we assign as the zero of the scale.

dA 1 Zero x.XXX
-----------------------

OUTPUT D/A Nr.1  
zero of the scale:



allows choosing the zero of the scale  
(four digits with floating decimal point)

- "**max**" key: it allows modifying the value of the blinking value.  
Every time it is pressed the number is increased.

- "**min**" key: it allows validating the blinking value and go to the next digit.

**NOTE** : When you arrive at the last digit, you can move the position of the decimal point with the "**max**" key.

- "**display**": to validate the selected option and pass to the next setup screen.

**d.- Full scale:** Value of the parameter to which we assign the 20 mA.

dA 1 F.ESC x.XXX
------------------------

OUTPUT D/A Nr.1  
Full scale:



allows choosing the full scale (20 mA)  
(four digits with floating decimal point)

Proceed as in the previous section.

- For passing to the next option, press "**display**": the setup for the second output will appear (only with a CVM-BD type CVM-BD-RED-420 ).

dA 2 code xxxx	OUTPUT D/A Nr.2
----------------------	-----------------

Proceed as in the previous sections.

**1.- Connections of the 4- 20 mA outputs :**

**a.- CVM-BD-RED-420** ( Two 4-20 mA outputs : channel 1 and channel 2 )  
 and **b.- CVM-BD-RED-C420** ( One 4-20 mA output : channel 1 )

	Terminals	Signal
<b>Channel 1</b>	27	20 mA (-) (Common)
	26	20 mA (+)

	Terminals	Signal
<b>Channel 2</b>	25	20 mA (-) (Common)
	24	20 mA (+)

**2.- Output calculation:**

$\text{Resolution} = \frac{20 - \text{Zero}}{\text{F. scale} - \text{offset}}$	<i>Offset &amp; f. scale</i> = defined by the user <i>Zero</i> = 0 mA or 4 mA
$\text{mA} = (( \text{F. scale} - \text{offset} ) \times \text{Resolution}) + \text{Zero}$	
$\text{mV} = \text{mA} \times \text{ohms}$	$\text{mV} (100 \text{ ohms}) = \text{mA} \times 100$

- Maximum load is of 250 Ω (5 V - 20 mA)
- The maximum allowed offset is a value equal to the 90% of the full scale.



**Output of the power factor parameter ( P.F.):**

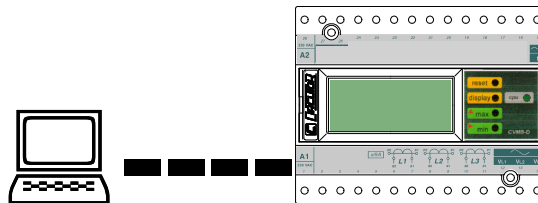
0/4 mA -----	-----20 mA
+0.00 Ind. 1.00	Cap. - 0.00

**3.- Default full scale:**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Full scale ( 20 mA )</b>
Voltages (V)	Primary < 500	Primary x 500 /secondary
	Primary > 500	Voltage primary
Currents (A)		Current primary
Powers (kW)	For one phase	voltage primary x current primary / 1000
	Three phase value	voltage primary x current primary x 3 / 1000
Frequency (Hz)		65
P.F.		- 0.00



## 11.- CVM-BD COMMUNICATIONS



One or some CVM-BD... can be connected to a computer. With this system we can get all the parameters in one central point of reading. The CVM-BD-RED..., has a serial output type RS-485. If we connect more than one CVM-BD-RED... to the same communication line, we have to assign to each of them a different code or direction (from 01 to 99), since the computer needs the identification of every measuring point.

### PROTOCOL: Question / Answer

#### 11.1.- Demand format

The demand format is: **\$PPCCAA.... ch [LF] (example = \$00RVI75 )**

The answer format is : **\$PPAA.... ch [LF]**

\$	Any message starts with this symbol
PP	CVM-BD code or direction (00 a 99) (decimal- ASCII)
CCC	COMMAND
AA	ARGUMENT: Only with the writing commands Wxx (decimal-ASCII)
Ch	CHECK-SUM : Check-sum of all the elements forming the message. It is calculated with the decimal addition of all the previous bytes in ASCII and translating the result to hexadecimal. <b>Two digits are taken.</b>  <u>example</u> = \$00RVI --> 36 + 48 + 48 + 82 + 86 + 73 = 373 373 decimal $\equiv$ 175 hexad. CHECK-SUM = <b>75</b> ----> \$00RVI75 [LF]
[ LF ]	LINE FEED indicates the end of the message. (chr\$(10) )

## 11.2.- Commands

### 11.2.1.- Commands for the parameter reading

COM-MAND	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER	UNITS
<b>RVI</b>	Read V ph.-neutral INST	\$ PP RVI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	V
<b>RVM</b>	Read V ph.-neutral MAX	\$ PP RVM ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	V
<b>RVm</b>	Read V ph.-neutral MIN	\$ PP RVm ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	V
<b>ROI</b>	Read V phase-ph. INST	\$ PP ROI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	V
<b>ROM</b>	Read V.phase-ph. MAX	\$ PP ROM ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	V
<b>ROm</b>	Read V.phase-ph. MIN	\$ PP ROm ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	V
<b>RAI</b>	Read Current INST	\$ PP RAI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	mA
<b>RAM</b>	Read Current MAX	\$ PP RAM ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	mA
<b>RAm</b>	Read Current MIN	\$ PP RAm ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	mA
<b>RPI</b>	Read Active power INST	\$ PP RPI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	W
<b>RPM</b>	Read Active power MAX	\$ PP RPM ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	W
<b>RPm</b>	Read Active power MIN	\$ PP RPm ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	W
<b>RLI</b>	Read Induc. pow. INST	\$ PP RLI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	var.L
<b>RLM</b>	Read Induc. pow. MAX	\$ PP RLM ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	var.L
<b>RLm</b>	Read Induc. pow. MIN	\$ PP RLm ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	var.L
<b>RCI</b>	Read Capac. pow. INST	\$ PP RCI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	var.C
<b>RCM</b>	Read Capac. pow. MAX	\$ PP RCM ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	var.C
<b>RCm</b>	Read Capac. pow. MIN	\$ PP RCm ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	var.C
<b>RFI</b>	Read P.F. INST	\$ PP RFI ch	\$ PP 4 x 9 digits ch	x 100
<b>RFM</b>	Read P.F. MAX	\$ PP RFM ch	\$ PP 3 x 9 digits ch	x 100
<b>RFm</b>	Read P.F. MIN	\$ PP RFm ch	\$ PP 3 x 3 digits ch	x 100
<b>RHI</b>	Read Frequency INST	\$ PP RHI ch	\$ PP 1x 3 digits ch	Hz x 10
<b>RHM</b>	Read Frequency MAX	\$ PP RHM ch	\$ PP 1x 3 digits ch	Hz x 10
<b>RHm</b>	Read Frequency MIN	\$ PP RHm ch	\$ PP 1x 3 digits ch	Hz x 10
<b>RQI</b>	Read Apparent pow. INST	\$ PP RQI ch	\$ PP 1 x 9 digits ch	VA
<b>RQM</b>	Read Apparent pow. MAX	\$ PP RQM ch	\$ PP 1 x 9 digits ch	VA
<b>RQm</b>	Read Apparent pow. MIN	\$ PP RQm ch	\$ PP 1 x 9 digits ch	VA
<b>RTH</b>	Read V & A THD INST	\$pp RTH ch	\$pp 6 x 9 digits ch (3 THDV + 3THDA)	% x 10
<b>RTM</b>	Read V & A THD MAX	\$pp RTM ch	\$pp 6 x 9 digits ch (3 THDV + 3THDA)	% x 10
<b>RTm</b>	Read V & A THD MIN	\$pp RTm ch	\$pp 6 x 9 digits ch (3 THDV + 3THDA)	% x 10

### 11.2.2.- Programming commands

COM-MAND	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER
<b>RRT</b>	Read transforming ratios (prim V, sec V, prim A)	\$pp RRT ch	\$pp 14 digits ch (6 + 3 + 5)
<b>WRT</b>	Write transforming ratios	\$pp WRT 14 digits ch (6 + 3 + 5)	\$pp ACK ch
<b>RRS</b>	Read communications (*)	\$pp RRS ch	\$pp 13 digits ch
<b>WRS</b>	Write communications (*)	\$pp 13 digits ch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>RPD</b>	Read configuration page "nn" (code of the three parameters)	\$pp RPD nn ch (nn = page n°)	\$pp C1 C2 C3 ch (3 x 2 digits)
<b>WPD</b>	Write configuration. Page "nn"	\$pp WPD nnC1C2C3 ch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>RND</b>	Read pages number + initial page	\$pp RND ch	\$pp nn ii ch (2 x 2 digits)
<b>WND</b>	Write pages number (2 digits)+ initial page (2 digits)	\$pp WND nn ii ch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>RMM</b>	Read type of set voltage (single / compound)	\$pp RMM ch	\$pp 1 digit ch 1=S / 0 =C
<b>WMM</b>	Write measuring mode (single / compound)	\$pp WMM 1 digit ch 1=single / 0 = comp	\$pp ACK ch
<b>VER</b>	Read CVM-BD version	\$pp VER ch	\$pp 4 digits ch
<b>TAR</b>	Read type of outputs (module) + scale kW- MW (Lo - Hi)	\$pp TAR ch	\$pp 5 digits ch (4 card + 1 scale)
<b>DEF</b>	Write default parameters	\$pp DEF ch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>INI</b>	Reset	\$pp INI ch	-----

(\*) NOTE : The RRS / WRS command (communications):

- 2 digits peripheral number / 1 digit Parity / 1 digit length / 1 digit Stop bits/
- 4 digits Baud rate SERIAL output / 4 digit Baud rate 2nd output (only for "RED" module: 2nd RS-485 output).

### 11.2.3.- Energy commands

**(\*) negative energies : generated energy (four quadrants).**

COM..	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER	UNIT
<b>RWH</b> <b>(*)</b>	Read active energy (positive, negative - absolute value -)	\$pp RWH ch	\$pp 2 x 9 digits ch	W.h
<b>RLH</b> <b>(*)</b>	Read inductive energy (positive, negative - absolute value -)	\$pp RLH ch	\$pp 2 x 9 digits ch	varh.L
<b>RCH</b> <b>(*)</b>	Read capacitive energy (positive, negative - absolute value)	\$pp RCH ch	\$pp 2 x 9 digits ch	varh.C
<b>RCE</b>	Read initial value of the positive energies: kW.h, Kvarh.L and kvarh.C	\$pp RCE ch	\$pp 3 x 9 digits ch	W.h
<b>(*)</b> <b>RCe</b>	Read initial value of the negative energies: kW.h, kvarh.L and kvarh.C	\$pp RCe ch	\$pp 3 x 9 digits ch	W.h
<b>WCE</b>	Write the three positive energies (write initial value).	\$pp 3 x 9 digits ch	\$pp ACK ch	W.h
<b>(*)</b> <b>WCe</b>	Write the absolute value of the three negative energies (write initial value).	\$pp 3 x 9 digits ch	\$pp ACK ch	W.h
<b>RCL</b>	Read date and time dd/mm/yy hh:mm:ss	\$pp RCL ch	\$pp 17 characters ch	
<b>WCL</b>	Write value for the clock dd/mm/yyyy hh:mm:ss	\$pp 19 charac. ch ( 10 + space +8 )	\$pp ACK ch	
<b>RTS</b>	Read SET-UP of three billing period operation mode	\$pp RTS ch	\$pp 3 digits ch arg: 00X X = active tariff type	

### 11.2.4.- Maximum Power Demand commands

COM.	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER
<b>RPE</b>	Read power demand period + param. ( kW=21, KVA=26 or AIII=20 )	\$pp RPE ch	\$pp 2 x 2 digits ch
<b>WPE</b>	Write power demand period (2 dig.) + param. (kW=21, kVA=26, AIII=20 )	\$pp WPEXXXch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>CMD</b>	Delete maximum demand value pd=0	\$pp CMD ch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>RMD</b>	Read maximum demand value: DATE, MAXIMUM (from the last reset), LAST PERIOD MAXIMUM	\$pp RMD ch	\$pp 35 digits ch xx/xx/xx xx:xx:xx xxxxxxxxxx (9 dig) xxxxxxxxxx (9 dig)

### 11.2.5.- Command to read all the CVM-BD parameters

COMMAND	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER SIZE
<b>RAL</b>	Read TOTAL	\$pp RAL ch	\$pp + 244 bytes + ch

With this parameter all the parameters are requested: 30 x 8 bytes in hexa-ASCII format in the following order:

[ 0 ] L12	[ 1 ] L23	[ 2 ] L31	[ 3 ] Av	Voltage phase-phase
[ 4 ] L1	[ 5 ] L2	[ 6 ] L3	[ 7 ] Av	Voltage phase-neutral
[ 8 ] L1	[ 9 ] L2	[ 10 ] L3	[ 11 ] Av	Current
[ 12 ] L1	[ 13 ] L2	[ 14 ] L3	[ 15 ] III	Active power
[ 16 ] L1	[ 17 ] L2	[ 18 ] L3	[ 19 ] III	Inductive power
[ 20 ] L1	[ 21 ] L2	[ 22 ] L3	[ 23 ] III	Capacitive power
[ 24 ] L1	[ 25 ] L2	[ 26 ] L3	[ 27 ] Av	Power factor
			[ 28 ]	Frequency
			[ 29 ] III	Apparent power

- 2 bytes : current units 00 - mA / 01 - A
- 2 bytes : power units 00 - W / 01 - kW

(\*) - Power factor ( x 100 ) : When is capacitive it adds 200

0 ----- 100 ----- 200  
+0.0 Ind. 1.0 Cap. -0.00

### 11.2.6.- Commands for the configuration of the Relay Outputs

COM.	CONCEPT	QUESTION		ANSWER
<b>RCC</b>	Read configuration (W.h or kvar.h)	\$pp RCC ch	\$pp 22 digits ch arg : code channel 1 param. (2 dig) + value1 (9 dig)+code channel 2 param.+value2 (9 dig)	
<b>WCC</b>	Write module configuration (W.h or kvar.h)	\$pp WCC13 digits ch argument : channel number (2 dig) + parameter code (2 dig) + value (9 dig)		\$pp ACK ch

### **ALARM CONFIGURATION : parameter + maximum + minimum + delay**

<b>RCA</b>	Read alarm configuration 2 relays	\$pp RCA ch	\$pp 2 x 25 digits ch argument: parameter 1 code (2 dig) + maximum value 1 (9 dig) +minimum value 1 (9 dig) + delay (4 dig) + relay status (1 dig)	
<b>WCA</b>	Write module configuration	\$pp WCA 26 digits ch argument: channel number (2 dig) + parameter code (2 dig)+maximum value (9 dig) +mín v. (9 dig.) + delay (4 dig)		\$pp ACK ch

### 11.2.7.- Commands for the configuration of the 4 - 20 mA Outputs

COM.	CONCEPT	QUESTION		ANSWER
<b>RDA</b>	Read configuration	\$pp RDA ch	\$pp 2 x 13 digits ch argument: mode 0-20 mA/ 4 - 20 mA (2 dig) +parameter code (2 dig) + offset value (9 dig)	
<b>RFE</b>	Read full scale	\$pp RFE ch	\$pp 9 digits channel 1 + 9 dig. channel 2 ch	
<b>WDA</b>	Write module configuration	\$pp WDA 24 digits ch argument: channel number (2 dig) + mode 0-20 mA/ 4 - 20 mA (2 dig) + parameter code (2 dig) + offset value (9 dig) + full scale ( 9 dig.)		\$pp ACK ch

### 11.3.- Examples

<p>SEND : \$00<b>RFI65</b> [LF] ( Power factor)  RECEIVED : \$00<b>083083084083F1</b>[LF]</p> <p>(\$00, PF1= 083 , PF2= 083 , PF3= 084 = 0.84 ind , Pavg = 0.83)</p>
<p>SEND : \$00<b>RVI75</b> [LF]  RECEIVED : \$00<b>00000021900000012100000010300000014865</b> [LF]</p> <p>\$00, V1 = 000000219 = 219 V V2 = 000000121 = 121 V  V3 = 000000103 = 103 V Vavg = 000000148 = 148 V</p>
<p>SEND : \$00<b>RRT7C</b> [LF] ( V / A ratio )  RECEIVED : \$00<b>0250001100050032</b> [LF]</p> <p>\$00, Voltage primary = 025000 = 25.000 (6 digits).  Voltage secondary = 110 = 110 (3 digits).  Current primary = 00500 = 500 (5 digits).</p>
<p>SEND : \$00<b>RRS7B</b> [LF] (Communication)  RECEIVED: \$00<b>000719600480017</b> [LF]</p> <p>\$00, Peripheral number = 00  Parity = 0 = Non (1 dig.)  Bits = 7 (1 dig.)  Stop bits = 1 (1 dig.)  Baud rate = 9600 (4 dig.) (COM1)  2<sup>a</sup> Baud rate = 4800 (4 dig.) (COM2 - RED module)</p>
<p>SEND : \$00<b>RAI60</b> [LF]  RECEIVED : \$00<b>00021400000019000000018500000019600073</b> [LF]</p> <p>\$00, A1= 000214000 = 214000 mA = 214 A  A2= 000190000 = 190000 mA = 190 A  A3= 000185000 = 185000 mA = 185 A  Am =000196000 = 196000 mA = 196 A</p>

### 11.4.- Default CVM-BD configuration : 00 / 9.600 / 7 bits / N / 1 bit

- Available baud rates: 2.400 - 4.800 - 9.600 - 19.200 bauds

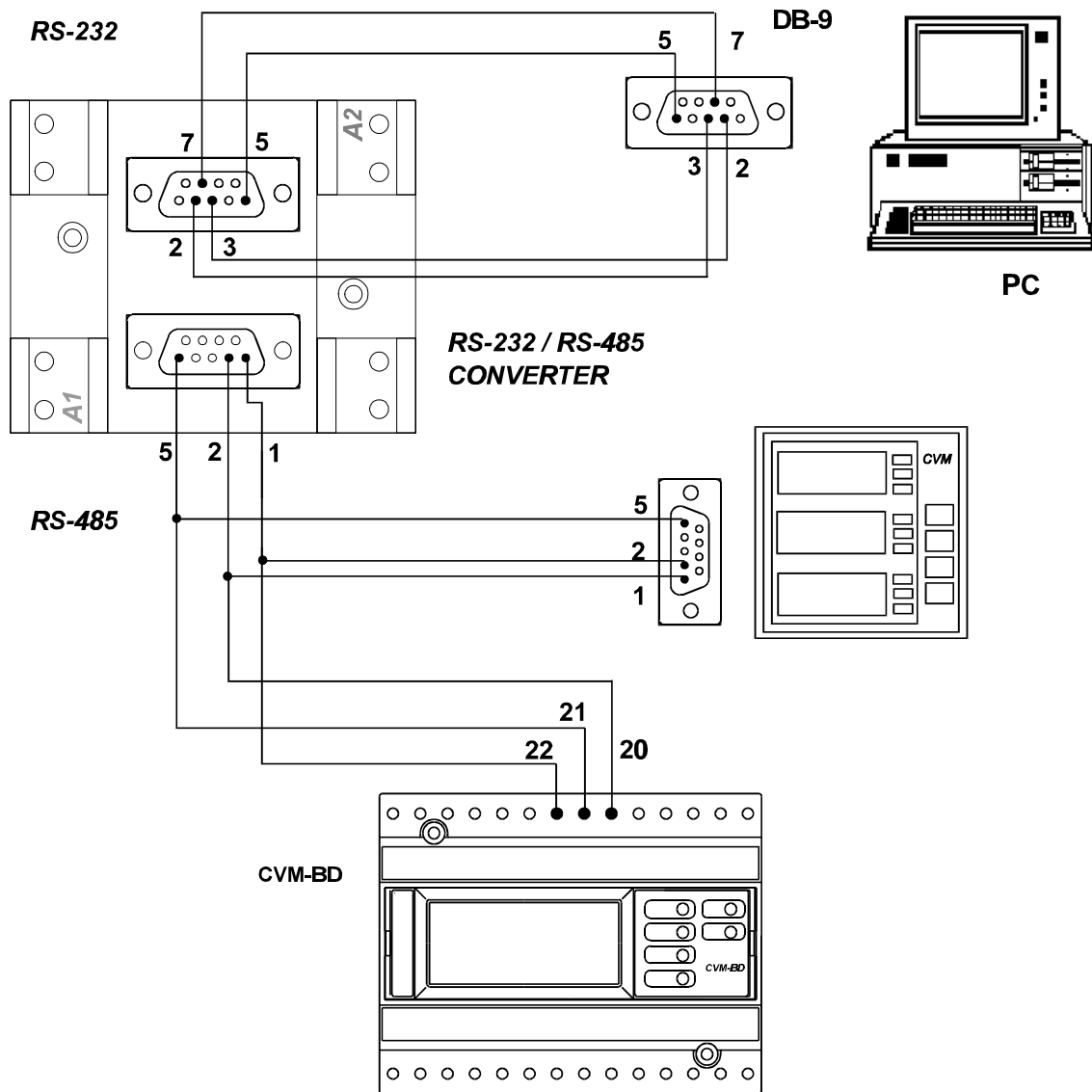
- **CVM / RS-485 module: DB-9 - Male connector**

Nr. pin	Signal
20	----- TX --
22	----- TX +
21	----- GND

- RS-485 connection will be carried out by means of a **twisted and screened cable**, with a minimum of 3 wires, with a maximum distance between the CVM-BD and the last peripheral of 1.200 m. The CVM-BD uses a RS-485 communication bus allowing up to a **maximum of 32 devices in parallel (Multidot bus) per used port of the PC.**

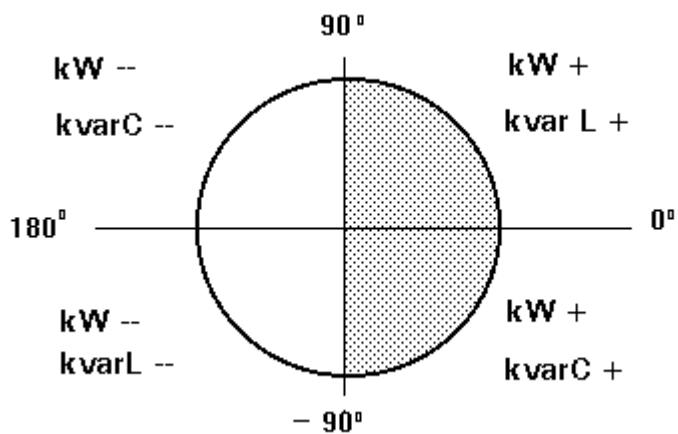


### - RS-485 COMMUNICATION LINK TO MULTIPLE DEVICES



**A.- APPENDIX: FOUR QUADRANTS OF THE CVM-BD...**

Example of the phase difference between voltage and current	Active power kW or kW.h	Reactive power kvar or kvar.h	P.F.
30°	kW +	kvar L +	+
300°	kW +	kvar C +	--
210°	kW --	kvar L --	+
120°	kW --	kvar C --	--



## B.- APPENDIX: SECOND SET-UP OF THE CVM-BD

It is possible to access to a second MENU of SET-UP that allows the configuration of the CVM-BD with other options different of the standard ones.

To enter into it proceed as follows:

- Without power supply in the CVM-BD, press simultaneously "**display**", "**max**" and "**min**" keys.
- Keeping these keys pressed, supply the CVM-BD.

We will read on the CVM-BD screen the following:

### B.1.- Communication protocol setup mode

SET  
PROT  
CIRC

Protocol:



CIRCUTOR (CIRC) or MODBUS (c) (BUS) protocol

The "**max**" key allows the modification of this option.

(\*) To work with MODBUS see the **APPENDIX D**.

- "**display**" key: allows validating the selected option and pass to the next setup screen:

### B.2.- Power units setup

SET  
ESCA  
LO

power scale:



Selection of **kW** ( LO ) or **MW** ( HI )

The "**max**" key allows the modification of this option

If MW is chosen, all the powers and energies are measured in "Megas".

- "**display**" key: allows validating the selected option and passing to the next setup screen:

### B.3.- Communication parameters setup

SET
Cdef
NO

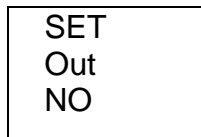
default configuration

 "**max**" key allows choosing NO / YES

- If YES is chosen: the configuration is **00 / 9.600 / 7 bits / N / 1 bit**
- If NO is chosen, pressing "**display**" following options successively appear:
  - n PER : Peripheral Nr.
  - Baud 1 : baud rate
  - Parity : No, even, odd
  - LEN : (length) 7 or 8
  - Stop bits : 1 or 2
  - Baud 2 : com2 ("NETWORK") baud rate - peripherals connection

#### B.4.- Password

To enable or disable the main setup menu, the option "SET OUT yes/no" has been added to this second menu. Whether this option status is switch, the Password will be inquired.



Lock of setup password

 Use "**max**" to switch between NO / YES

The password will consist of 4 numeric digits within 1 to 9999 (Default password is **1234**). In case that the set password is not correct, when the 2<sup>nd</sup> setup is exited, the modification of the "SET Out" option will be not validated; on the contrary, whether the password is correct, this modification will be validated

The setup lock is only valid for the main (1<sup>st</sup>) Setup, in the way that the analyzer configuration can be visualized but not modified. This lock does not imply the access to the 2<sup>nd</sup> Setup.

**DEFAULT PASSWORD = 1234**

### C.- APPENDIX: THREE BILLING PERIODS CVM-BD-RED..

With the CVM-BD-RED..., **THREE billing periods can be controlled**, each one with a meter of kW.h, kvarh.L, kvarh.C and maximum power demand:  
The CVM-BD-RED... has then a total of 9 METERS ( 18 meters in the case to work with four quadrants).

We make the change of the billing periods (tariffs) by SOFTWARE : The type of tariff can be selected by programming the CVM-BD through its serial port by means of a PC ( see manual of CVM\_ST software). The tariffs fixed for each billing period are programmed for every day.

#### COMMUNICATIONS COMMANDS WITH THREE billing periods


**(\*) negative energies are equivalent to generated energies (four quadrants).**

COM..	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER	UNIT
<b>RWHXn</b> <b>(*)</b>	Read active energy (positive, negative - absolute value -)	\$pp RWHXn ch	\$pp 2a x 9 dig ch	W. h
<b>RLHXn</b> <b>(*)</b>	Read inductive energy (positive, negative - absolute value -)	\$pp RLHXn ch	\$pp 2a x 9 dig. ch	varh . L
<b>RCHXn</b> <b>(*)</b>	Read capacitive energy (positive, negative - absolute value)	\$pp RCHXn ch	\$pp 2a x 9 dig. ch	varh. C
<b>RCEXn</b>	Read initial value of the positive energies: kW.h, Kvarh.L and kvarh.C	\$pp RCEXn ch	\$pp 3a x 9 digits ch	W.h
<b>WCEXn</b>	Write the three positive energies (write initial value).	\$pp WCEXn 3a x 9 digits ch	\$pp ACK ch	W.h
<b>(*)</b> <b>RCeXn</b>	Read initial value of the negative energies: kW.h, kvarh.L and kvarh.C	\$pp RCEXn ch	\$pp 3a x 9 digits ch	W.h

<b>(*) WCeXn</b>	Write the absolute value of the three negative energies (write initial value).	\$pp WCeXn 3a x 9 digits. ch	\$pp ACK ch	W.h
<b>RTS</b>	Read SET-UP of three billing period operation mode	\$pp RTS ch	\$pp 3 digits ch arg: 00x x = active tariff type	

### - MAXIMUM POWER DEMAND COMMANDS

COM.	CONCEPT	QUESTION	ANSWER
<b>CMDXn</b>	Delete maximum demand value pd=0	\$pp CMDXn ch	\$pp ACK ch
<b>RMDXn</b>	Read maximum demand value: DATE, MAXIMUM (from the last reset), LAST PERIOD MAXIMUM	\$pp RMDXn ch	\$pp 35 digits ch xx/xx/xx xx:xx:xx xxxxxxxxx (9 dig) xxxxxxxxx (9 dig)

 - "n" is the tariff number :

- 0 ----- Tariff 1**
- 1 ----- Tariff 2**
- 2 ----- Tariff 3**
- 3 ----- The three tariffs**

- "a" (the size of the answer )
  - a = 1 if n = 0, 1 or 2
  - a = 3 if the value n = 3

**Examples :** To ask the three kW. h counters  
\$00RWHX3 [ch] [LF]

## D.- APPENDIX: MODBUS © PROTOCOL

The CVM-BD power meter has also the **MODBUS ©** protocol .

When the CVM-BD is configured to work with MODBUS protocol , it use the **RTU mode** (Remote terminal Unit ) . Each 8-bit byte in a message contains two 4-bits hexadecimal characters.

The format for each byte in RTU mode is :

- \* *Code* : **8- bit binary** , hexadecimal 0-9, A-F  
**Two hexadecimal characters** contained in each 8-bit field of the message .
- \* *Bits per Byte* : 8 data bits
- \* *Error Check Field* : Cyclical Redundancy Check ( **CRC** ) .

### MODBUS FUNCTIONS :

**FUNCTION 3 or 4** Reads the n Words (16 bits- 2 bytes ) . It uses this function to read all the electrical parameters of the CVMk. This registers are longs of 32 bits ; In this case It is necessary to read two Words. ( 4 bytes - XX XX XX XX ).

**FUNCTION 6** Writing of 1 Word. This function is used to change from MODBUS to CIRBUS.

Valid Register 0

Valid value 0



**Registers of the CVM-BD electrical parameters :**

<i>VARIABLE</i>	<i>REGISTERS</i>	
	<i>DECIMAL</i>	<i>HEXA-DECIMAL</i>
DATE / HOUR *NOTE 1	0 - 1	00 - 01
V 1	2 - 3	02 - 03
mA 1	4 - 5	04 - 05
W 1	6 - 7	06 - 07
varL 1	8 - 9	08 - 09
varC 1	10 - 11	0A - 0B
PF 1	12 - 13	0C - 0D
V 2	14 - 15	0E - 0F
mA 2	16 - 17	10 - 11
W 2	18 - 19	12 - 13
varL 2	20 - 21	14 - 15
varC 2	22 - 23	16 - 17
PF 2	24 - 25	18 - 19
V 3	26 - 27	1A - 1B
mA 3	28 - 29	1C - 1D
W 3	30 - 31	1E - 1F
varL 3	32 - 33	20 - 21
varC 3	34 - 35	22 - 23
PF 3	36 - 37	24 - 25

<i>VARIABLE</i>	<i>REGISTERS</i>	
	<i>DECIMAL</i>	<i>HEXA-DECIMAL</i>
Vav III N	38 - 39	26 - 27
mAav III	40 - 41	28 - 29
W III	42 - 43	2A - 2B
varL III	44 - 45	2C - 2D
varC III	46 - 47	2E - 2F
PF III	48 - 49	30 - 31
Hz	50 - 51	32 - 33
VA III	52 - 53	34 - 35
V 12	54 - 55	36 - 37
V 23	56 - 57	38 - 39
V 31	58 - 59	3A - 3B
Vav III	60 - 61	3C - 3D
+ Wh - TARIFF 1	62 - 63	3E - 3F
+ varh L -TAR. 1	64 - 65	40 - 41
+ varh C -TAR. 1	66 - 67	42 - 43
Pd (last period )	68 - 69	44 - 45
- Wh TARIFF 1	70 - 71	46 - 47
- varh L TAR. 1	72 - 73	48 - 49
- varh C TAR. 1	74 - 75	4A - 4B

<i>VARIABLE</i>	<i>REGISTROS</i>	
	<i>DECIMAL</i>	<i>HEXA-DECIMAL</i>
A 1	76 - 77	4C - 4D
A2	78 - 79	4E - 4F
A3	80 - 81	50 - 51
THD V1	84 - 85	54 - 55
THD V2	86 - 87	56 - 57
THD V3	88 - 89	58 - 59
THD I1	90 - 91	5A - 5B
THD I2	92 - 93	5C - 5D
THD I3	94 - 95	5E - 5F
Fecha-Hora *	100 - 101	64 - 65
V 12	102 - 103	66 - 67
V 23	104 - 105	68 - 69
V 31	106 - 107	6A - 6B

<i>VARIABLE</i>	<i>REGISTROS</i>	
	<i>DECIMAL</i>	<i>HEXA-DECIMAL</i>
V 1	108 - 109	6C - 6D
V2	110 - 111	6E - 6F
V3	112 - 113	70 - 71
mA 1	114 - 115	72 - 73
mA 2	116 - 117	74 - 75
mA 3	118 - 119	76 - 77
W 1	120 - 121	78 - 79
W 2	122 - 123	7A - 7B
W 3	124 - 125	7C - 7D
varL 1	126 - 127	7E - 7F
varL 2	128 - 129	80 - 81
varL 3	130 - 131	82 - 83
+ Wh - TARIFA 1	132 - 133	84 - 85
+ varh L -TAR. 1	134 - 135	86 - 87
- Wh TARIFA 1	136 - 137	88 - 89
- varh L TAR. 1	138 - 139	8A - 8B

\* The DATE / HOUR register has the next format :

b0 - b5 seconds  
 b6 - b11 minutes  
 b12 - b16 hours  
 b17 - b21 day  
 b22 - b25 month  
 b26 - b31 year + 92

Energy registers ( three tariffs ) :

<i>VARIABLE</i>		<i>REGISTERS</i>	
		<i>DECIMAL</i>	<i>HEXADECIMAL</i>
DATE / HOUR * NOTE 1	TARIFF	200 - 201	C8 - C9
+ Wh	1	202 - 203	CA - CB
+ varh L	1	204 - 205	CC - CD
+ varh C	1	206 - 207	CE - CF
- Wh	1	208 - 209	D0 - D1
- varh L	1	210 - 211	D2 - D3
- varh C	1	212 - 213	D4 - D5
Pd (Date and hour of the maximum demand value) *NOTE 1	1	214 - 215	D6 - D7
Pd (Maximum demand value )	1	216 - 217	D8 - D9
Pd ( Last period maximum)	1	218 - 219	DA - DB
+ Wh	2	220 - 221	DC - DD
+ varh L	2	222 - 223	DE - DF
+ varh C	2	224 - 225	E0 - E1
- Wh	2	226 - 227	E2 - E3
- varh L	2	228 - 229	E4 - E5
- varh C	2	230 - 231	E6 - E7
Pd (Date and hour of the maximum demand value) *NOTE 1	2	232 - 233	E8 - E9
Pd (Maximum demand value )	2	234 - 235	EA - EB
Pd ( Last period maximum)	2	236 - 237	EC - ED
+ Wh	3	238 - 239	EE - EF
+ varh L	3	240 - 241	F0 - F1
+ varh C	3	242 - 243	F2 - F3
- Wh	3	244 - 245	F4 - F5
- varh L	3	246 - 247	F6 - F7
- varh C	3	248 - 249	F8 - F9
Pd (Date and hour of the maximum demand value) *NOTE 1	3	250 - 251	FA - FB
Pd (Maximum demand value )	3	252 - 253	FC - FD
Pd ( Last period maximum)	3	254 - 255	FE - FF

**EXAMPLE**

**QUERY**

**0A 03 00 26 00 10 A4 B6**

<b>0A</b>	CVMk number, 10 in decimal
<b>03</b>	Reading function
<b>00 26</b>	Starting address (first register )
<b>00 10</b>	Number of registers for reading
<b>A4B6</b>	CRC character

**RESPONSE**

**0A 03 20 00 00 00 D4 00 00 23 28 00 00 0F A0 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 60 00 00 01 F4 00 00 0F A0  
B7 8B**

<b>0A</b>	CVM-BD number , 10 in decimal
<b>03</b>	Reading function ( 03 or 04 ).
<b>20</b>	Data response bytes
<b>00 00 00 D4</b>	Vav III (register 26 Hex) in decimal 212 V
<b>00 00 23 28</b>	mA av III in decimal 9000 mA
<b>00 00 0F A0</b>	W III in decimal 4000 W
<b>00 00 00 00</b>	varL III in decimal 0 varL
<b>00 00 00 00</b>	varC III in decimal 0 varC
<b>00 00 00 60</b>	PF in decimal 96 PF
<b>00 00 01 F4</b>	Hz in decimal 50 x 10 -> 50 Hz
<b>00 00 0F A0</b>	VA III in decimal 4000 mA
<b>B7 B8</b>	CRC character

## **MODBUS SELECTION**

There are two ways for the change of the protocol (CIRBUS or MODBUS) :

**a.-** It is possible to access to a second MENU of SET-UP that allows the configuration of the CVM-BD : CIRBUS or MODBUS  
(\* ) see the **APPENDIX B**.

**b.- With instructions via RS.**

b.1.- When the device is on CIRBUS , for changing to MODBUS via RS, it is done sending the command **MBS**.

CIRBUS -> MODBUS	\$PP <b>MBS</b> ch ( Lf )	ASCII
PP	Peripheral number ( CVMk )	
<b>MBS</b>	Instruction to change from CIRBUS to MODBUS	
ch	CHECK SUM	

b.2.- When the device is on MODBUS , for changing to CIRBUS via RS, it is necessary to use the **FUNCTION 6** ( Writing of 1 Word ) .

MODBUS -> CIRBUS	PP <b>06</b> 00000000xxxx BINARY
PP	Peripheral number ( CVM-BD )
06	Writing function (Only to change).
0000	Writing of 1 Word
0000	Writing register : <b>0</b>
xxxx	CRC